

Solutions to HW-9

620302

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HW-9

1. (a) For  $f(x) = e^{-2x}$ ,  $f'(x) = -2e^{-2x} = -2f(x)$

$f''(x) = 4f(x)$ , so by Ito's formula

$$df(X_t) \stackrel{(258)}{=} f'(X_t) dX_t + \frac{1}{2} f''(X_t) (dX_t)^2$$

$$= -2f(X_t) (dt + dW_t) + \frac{1}{2} 4f(X_t) dt$$

as  $(dX_t)^2 = (dW_t)^2 = dt$

$$= -2e^{-2X_t} dW_t \quad \text{or}$$

$$= -2e^{-2(t+W_t)} dW_t.$$

(b) Yes, since  $Y_t = Y_0 + \int_0^t dW_s$   
 $= 1 - 2 \int_0^t e^{-2s-2W_s} dW_s = \exp\{-2X_t\} = 1$

$$= I_t(g), \quad g_s = e^{-2s-2W_s}$$

II is an MG [IIS on slide (258)], and

hence  $1 - 2I_t(g)$  is also an MG:

$$E(1 - 2I_t(g) | \mathcal{F}_s) = 1 - 2E(I_t(g) | \mathcal{F}_s)$$

$$= 1 - 2I_s(g), \quad 0 \leq s \leq t.$$

II is an MG

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HW-9

For  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ ,  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$ ,  $f''(x) = \frac{-1}{4x^{3/2}}$ , HW-9

so by Ito's formula,

$$dZ_t = df(V_t) = f'(V_t) dV_t + \frac{1}{2} f''(V_t) (dV_t)^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{V_t}} ((1-V_t) dt + 2\sqrt{V_t} dW_t) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{-1}{4V_t^{3/2}} \right) \cdot 4V_t dt$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{V_t} dt + dW_t = -\frac{1}{2} Z_t dt + dW_t = dZ_t,$$

$$Z_0 = \sqrt{V_0} = 1.$$

(b)  $Z_t = X_t Y_t$ , with  $X_t = e^{-t/2}$ ,  $Y_t = 1 + \int_0^t e^{s/2} dW_s$ ,  
 so by Ito's product rule

$$dZ_t = dX_t \cdot Y_t + X_t \cdot dY_t + dX_t \cdot dY_t$$

$$\stackrel{\substack{-\frac{1}{2} e^{-t/2} \\ \text{non-random}}}{= -\frac{1}{2} X_t dt}}{=} -\frac{1}{2} X_t dt + X_t dY_t + 0, \text{ as } X_t \text{ is non-random}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} X_t Y_t dt + X_t \underbrace{\left( \frac{1}{X_t} dW_t \right)}_{= dY_t} + 0$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} Z_t dt + dW_t, \text{ OK!}$$

Initial value:  $Z_0 = e^{-0} (1 + \int_0^0) = 1$ , OK!